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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/863,737	05/23/2001	Noriaki Oda	12562A	1794	
75	90 08/28/2002				
Scully, Scott, Murphy & Presser			EXAMINER		
400 Garden City Plaza			LEWIS, MONICA		
Garden City, NY 11530			at relyf		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2822		
		DATE MAILED: 08/28/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Amiliantin- N	Andrew	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	lu
Office Action Summary		09/863,737	ODA ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Monica Lewis	2822	·
۔ Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence add	ress
THE N - Extensions after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 BX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period veron to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, the provision of the Office later than three months after the mailing dispatch term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of twill apply and will expire SIX (6) M, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this cor ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 J	<u>lune 2002</u> .		
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowardsed in accordance with the practice under			merits is
Dispositio	on of Claims			
4)🖾	Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.		
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.			
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	r election requirement.		
9)[] T	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10)□ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	oted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abe	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) 🔲 T	he proposed drawing correction filed on	_is: a) approved b) □	disapproved by the Examine	r.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	oly to this Office action.		
12)[] T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)🛛 .	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[∑	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
-	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
;	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in	Application No. <u>09/275,532</u>	•
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Buree the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Stage
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	•		application)
_ a)	The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	visional application has	been received.	., ,
ہ بےرات Attachment	· ·	e priority under oo o.o.	33 120 MINUTO 121.	
Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s of Informal Patent Application (PTO	
. Patent and Tra FO-326 (Rev		tion Summary	Part of	Paper No. 7



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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the amendment filed June 4, 2002.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-3 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art Figures in view of Usami et al. (Japanese Publication No. 10-056009).

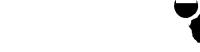
In regards to claims 1 and 5, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art discloses the following:

- a) a semiconductor device having a plurality of wirings (8, 15, 20) juxtaposed with one another (See Figure 1); and
- b) a SiOF insulating film (4,12,17) being in contact with the wirings (See Figure 1).

In regards to claims 1 and 5, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art fails to disclose the following:

a) the fluorine concentration of the SiOF insulating film at a wiring gap portion is set to be higher than the fluorine concentration of the SiOF insulating film on the wirings.

However, Usami et al. ("Usami") discloses a semiconductor device where the fluorine concentration of the SiOF at the wiring gap is higher than the concentration of the insulating film



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on the wirings (See Abstract and Section 40). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the semiconductor device of Applicant's Admitted Prior Art to include a higher fluorine concentration of SiOF at the wiring gap than the concentration of the insulating film on the wirings as disclosed in Usami because it reduces the capacitance among the wiring therefore resulting in a high operating speed.

In regards to claims 2 and 6, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art discloses the following:

a) the SiOF insulating film (4, 12) at a wiring gap portion comprises a first SiOF film (11) and a second SiOF film (9) formed on the first SiOF film, the SiOF insulating film on the wirings comprises the second SiOF film (See Figures 2 and 3).

In regards to claims 2 and 6, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art fails to disclose the following:

a) the fluorine concentration of the first SiOF film is higher than the fluorine concentration of the second SiOF film.

However, Usami discloses a semiconductor device where the fluorine concentration of the SiOF at the wiring gap is higher than the concentration of the insulating film on the wirings (See Abstract and Section 40). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the semiconductor device of Applicant's Admitted Prior Art to include a higher fluorine concentration of SiOF at the wiring gap than the concentration of the insulating film on the wirings as disclosed in Usami because it reduces the capacitance among the wiring therefore resulting in a high operating speed.



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In regards to claims 3 and 7, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art fails to disclose the following:

a) thickness of the first SiOF film at a center of the wiring gap portion is within the range of 1/3 to 1/1 times of the thickness of the wirings.

However, the applicant has not established the critical nature of the dimension of 1/3 to 1/1 times of the thickness. "The law is replete with cases in which the difference between the claimed invention and the prior art is some range or other variable within the claims. . . . In such a situation, the applicant must show that the particular range is critical, generally by showing that the claimed range achieves unexpected results relative to the prior art range." *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir.1990).

5. Claims 4 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art Figures in view of Usami et al. (Japanese Publication No. 10-056009) and Nishiyama et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,429,995).

In regards to claims 4 and 8, Applicant's Admitted Prior Art fails to disclose the following:

a) fluorine concentration of the first SiOF film is set to 5 atom % or more, and the fluorine concentration of the second SiOF film is set to be less than 5 atom %.

However, Nishiyama et al. ("Nishiyama") discloses a semiconductor device where the fluorine concentration of SiOF is greater and lesser than 5 atom % (See Column 4 Lines 30-32). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the semiconductor device of Applicant's Admitted Prior Art to include SiOF where the fluorine concentration is greater and lesser than 5 atom % as disclosed in Nishiyama because it manipulates the power consumption and operating speed of the system.

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Conclusion

- 6. Applicant is advised that should claim 1 be found allowable, claim 5 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).
- 7. The following prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: a) Homma (U.S. Patent No. 5,334,552) discloses a method for fabricating a semiconductor device that has a multi-layer interconnection structure; b) Matsuura (U.S. Patent No. 5,703,404) discloses a semiconductor device comprising a SiOF film; c) Kaji (U.S. Patent No. 5,571,578 discloses forming silicon oxide on a semiconductor; d) Ueno et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,521,424) discloses a semiconductor device having a silicon oxide film containing fluorine atoms; e) Kishimoto (U.S. Patent No. 6,057,242) discloses a flat interlayer insulating film; and f) Usami et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,157,083) discloses a fluorine doping concentration in a semiconductor device.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Monica Lewis whose telephone number is 703-305-3743. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl Whitehead, Jr. can be reached on 703-308-4940. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-7722 for regular and

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after final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is

703-308-0956.

ML

August 20, 2002

Stephen D. Meier Primary Examiner